

lib/memory-range/collect-locs.ath

```

1 load "random-access-iterator"
2 #.....
3 extend-module Random-Access-Iterator {
4   define join := List.join
5   define in := List.in
6
7   declare collect-locs: (S, X) [(Range X S)] -> (List (Memory.Loc S))
8
9   module collect-locs {
10    define [< <=] := [N.< N.<=]
11
12    define axioms :=
13      (fun
14        [(collect-locs stop h) = nil
15         (collect-locs back r) = (deref start back r :: (collect-locs r))])
16    define [of-stop of-back] := axioms
17
18    (add-axioms theory axioms)
19
20    define [r''] := [?r'':(Range 'X 'S)]
21
22    define (split-range-prop n) :=
23      (forall i j r .
24        (range i j) = SOME r & n <= length r
25        ==>
26        exists r' r'' .
27          (range i i + n) = SOME r' &
28          (range i + n j) = SOME r'' &
29          (collect-locs r) = (collect-locs r') join (collect-locs r''))
30
31    define split-range := (forall n . split-range-prop n)
32
33    define *in-relation :=
34      (forall r i . i *in r <==> deref i in collect-locs r)
35
36    define all-*in :=
37      (forall n i j r .
38        (range i j) = SOME r & n < length r ==> (i + n) *in r)
39
40    define *in-whole-range :=
41      (forall n i j k r r' .
42        (range i j) = SOME r &
43        n < length r &
44        (range i i + n) = SOME r' &
45        (k *in r' | k = i + n)
46        ==> k *in r)
47
48    define *in-whole-range-2 :=
49      (forall n i j k r r' .
50        (range i j) = SOME r &
51        n <= length r &
52        (range i + n j) = SOME r' &
53        (k *in r' | k = j)
54        ==> k *in r | k = j)
55
56    define [n0 r0 r0'] := [?n0 ?r0 ?r0']
57
58    define proofs :=
59      method (theorem adapt)
60        let {[get prove chain chain-> chain<-] := (proof-tools adapt theory);
61            [successor *in predecessor I+N I-N I-I] :=
62              (adapt [successor *in predecessor I+N I-N I-I]);
63            DAO := (datatype-axioms "Option")}
64        match theorem {
65          (val-of split-range) =>
66            by-induction (adapt theorem) {
67              zero =>

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68   pick-any i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) r:(Range 'X 'S)
69   let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
70       A2 := (zero <= length r)}
71   assume (A1 & A2)
72   let {goal := (exists r' r'' .
73               (range i i + zero) = SOME r' &
74               (range i + zero j) = SOME r'' &
75               (collect-locs r) =
76               (collect-locs r') join (collect-locs r''))};
77   EL := (!prove empty-range);
78   B1 := (!chain
79         [(range i i + zero)
80          = (range i i)                [I+0]
81          = (SOME stop i)              [EL]]);
82   B2 := (!chain
83         [(range i + zero j)
84          = (range i j)                [I+0]
85          = (SOME r)                    [A1]]);
86   B3 := (!sym
87         (!chain
88          [(collect-locs stop i) join (collect-locs r)
89           = (nil join (collect-locs r))    [of-stop]
90           = (collect-locs r)              [List.join.left-empty]])))
91   (!chain-> [(B1 & B2 & B3) ==> goal [existence]])
92 | (n as (S n')) =>
93   pick-any i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) r:(Range 'X 'S)
94   let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
95       A2 := (n <= length r)}
96   assume (A1 & A2)
97   let {goal := (exists r' r'' .
98               (range i i + n) = SOME r' &
99               (range (i + n) j) = SOME r'' &
100              (collect-locs r) =
101              (collect-locs r') join (collect-locs r''))};
102   ind-hyp := (split-range-prop n');
103   B1 := (!chain->
104         [A2
105          ==> (exists n0 . length r = S n0)    [N.Less=.S4]]})
106   pick-witness n0 for B1 B1-w
107   let {NL := (!prove nonzero-length);
108       C1 := (!chain->
109             [true ==> (S n0 /= zero)          [N.S-not-zero]
110              ==> (length r /= zero)         [B1-w]
111              ==> (exists r0 .
112                  r = (back r0))            [NL]])}
113   pick-witness r0 for C1 C1-w
114   let {LB := (!prove range-back);
115       D1 := (!chain->
116             [(range i j)
117              = (SOME r)                        [A1]
118              = (SOME (back r0))              [C1-w]
119              ==> ((range (successor i) j) =
120                  SOME r0)                    [LB]])};
121   D2 := (!chain->
122         [A2 ==> (n <= length back r0) [C1-w]
123          ==> (n <= S length r0)     [length.of-back]
124          ==> (n' <= length r0)
125              [N.Less=.injective]]);
126   D3 := (!chain->
127         [(D1 & D2)
128          ==>
129          (exists r0' r'' .
130           (range (successor i) (successor i) + n') =
131             SOME r0' &
132           (range (successor i) + n' j) = SOME r'' &
133           (collect-locs r0) =
134           (collect-locs r0') join (collect-locs r''))
135           [ind-hyp]]})
136   pick-witnesses r0' r'' for D3 D3-w
137   let {D3-w1 := ((range (successor i) (successor i) + n')

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138         = SOME r0');
139 D3-w2 := ((range (successor i) + n' j) = SOME r'');
140 D3-w3 :=
141     ((collect-locs r0) =
142      (collect-locs r0') join (collect-locs r''));
143 E1 := (!chain->
144       [D3-w1
145        ==> ((range (successor i) i + n) =
146            SOME r0') [I+pos]
147         ==> ((range i i + n) =
148            SOME back r0') [LB]]);
149 E2 := (!chain->
150       [D3-w2
151        ==> ((range i + n j) =
152            SOME r'') [I+pos]]);
153 E3 := let {F1 := (!chain->
154                [E1 ==> (i = start back r0')
155                    [range.start-back]]);
156          F2 := (!chain->
157                [(range i j)
158                 = (SOME r) [A1]
159                 = (SOME (back r0)) [C1-w]
160                 ==> (i = start back r0)
161                    [range.start-back]]);
162          F3 := (!chain
163                [(start back r0)
164                 = i [F2]
165                 = (start back r0') [F1]]);
166          (!chain
167           [(collect-locs r)
168            = (collect-locs (back r0)) [C1-w]
169            = ((deref start back r0) ::
170              (collect-locs r0)) [of-back]
171            = ((deref start back r0) ::
172              ((collect-locs r0') join
173               (collect-locs r''))) [D3-w3]
174            = (((deref start back r0) ::
175              (collect-locs r0')) join
176              (collect-locs r''))
177              [List.join.left-nonempty]
178            = (((deref start back r0') ::
179              (collect-locs r0')) join
180              (collect-locs r'')) [F3]
181            = ((collect-locs back r0') join
182              (collect-locs r'')) [of-back]]);
183          (!chain-> [(E1 & E2 & E3) ==> goal [existence]])
184         }
185 | (val-of *in-relation) =>
186 by-induction (adapt theorem) {
187   (stop h) =>
188   pick-any i
189     let {B1 := (!chain->
190               [true ==> (~ i *in stop h) [*in.of-stop]
191                ==> (i *in stop h <==> false) [prop-taut]]);
192         B2 := (!chain->
193               [true ==> (~ deref i in nil) [List.in.empty]
194                ==> (deref i in nil <==> false)
195                    [prop-taut]]);
196          (!chain
197           [(i *in stop h)
198            <==> false [B1]
199            <==> (deref i in nil) [B2]
200            <==> (deref i in (collect-locs stop h)) [of-stop]]);
201         | (r as (back r')) =>
202         let {ind-hyp := (forall i .
203                     i *in r' <==> deref i in (collect-locs r'))};
204           pick-any i
205             (!chain
206              [(i *in r) <==> (deref i = deref start r |
207                             i *in r') [*in.of-back]

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208         <==> (deref i = deref start r |
209             deref i in (collect-locs r'))
210             [ind-hyp]
211         <==> (deref i in (deref start r) ::
212             collect-locs r') [List.in.nonempty]
213         <==> (deref i in (collect-locs r))
214             [of-back]])
215     }
216 | (val-of all-*in) =>
217 by-induction (adapt theorem) {
218   zero =>
219   pick-any i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) r:(Range 'X 'S)
220   let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
221       A2 := (zero < length r);
222       NL := (!prove nonzero-length)}
223   assume (A1 & A2)
224   let {B1 := (!chain->
225             [A2
226             ==> (zero /= length r) [N.Less.not-equal]
227             ==> (length r /= zero) [sym]
228             ==> (exists r0 . r = back r0) [NL]])}
229   pick-witness r0 for B1 B1-w
230   let {C1 := (!chain->
231             [(range i j)
232             = (SOME r) [A1]
233             = (SOME back r0) [B1-w]
234             ==> (i = start back r0) [range.start-back]]);
235       C2 := (!chain->
236             [(deref i) = (deref start back r0) [C1]])}
237   (!chain->
238     [C2 ==> (C2 | i *in r0) [alternate]
239     ==> (i *in back r0) [*in.of-back]
240     ==> (i *in r) [B1-w]
241     ==> ((i + zero) *in r) [I+0]])
242 | (n as (S n')) =>
243 let {ind-hyp := (forall i j r .
244               (range i j) = SOME r & n' < length r
245               ==> (i + n') *in r)}
246 pick-any i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) r:(Range 'X 'S)
247 let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
248     A2 := (S n' < length r)}
249 assume (A1 & A2)
250 conclude (i + n *in r)
251 let {NL := (!prove nonzero-length);
252     B1 := (!chain->
253           [true ==> (zero < n) [N.Less.zero<S]
254           ==> (zero < n & A2) [augment]
255           ==> (zero < length r) [N.Less.transitive]
256           ==> (zero /= length r) [N.Less.not-equal]
257           ==> (length r /= zero) [sym]
258           ==> (exists r0 .
259               r = back r0) [NL]])}
260 pick-witness r0 for B1 B1-w
261 let {LB := (!prove range-back);
262     C1 := (!chain->
263           [A1 ==> ((range i j) = SOME back r0) [B1-w]
264           ==> ((range (successor i) j) =
265               SOME r0) [LB]])};
266     C2 := (!chain->
267           [A2 ==> (n < length back r0) [B1-w]
268           ==> (n < S length r0) [length.of-back]
269           ==> (n' < length r0) [N.Less.injective]]);
270     RE := (!prove *in.range-expand)}
271 (!chain->
272   [(C1 & C2)
273   ==> ((successor i) + n') *in r0 [ind-hyp]
274   ==> ((i + n) *in r0) [I+pos]
275   ==> ((i + n) *in back r0) [RE]
276   ==> ((i + n) *in r) [B1-w]])
277 }

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278 | (val-of *in-whole-range) =>
279 | pick-any n i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) k:(It 'X 'S)
280 |   r:(Range 'X 'S) r':(Range 'X 'S)
281 |   let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
282 |       A2 := (n < length r);
283 |       A3 := ((range i i + n) = SOME r');
284 |       A4 := (k *in r' | k = i + n)}
285 |   assume (A1 & A2 & A3 & A4)
286 |   let {B1 := (!chain-> [A2 ==> (n <= length r)
287 |                         [N.Less=.Implied-by-<]]);
288 |       SR := (!prove split-range);
289 |       B2 := (!chain->
290 |             [(A1 & B1)
291 |              ==> (exists r' r'' .
292 |                 (range i i + n) = SOME r' &
293 |                 (range i + n j) = SOME r'' &
294 |                 (collect-locs r) =
295 |                 (collect-locs r') join (collect-locs r''))
296 |              [SR]])}
297 |   pick-witnesses r1 r2 for B2 B2-w
298 |   let {B2-w1 := ((range i i + n) = SOME r1);
299 |       B2-w2 := ((range i + n j) = SOME r2);
300 |       B2-w3 := ((collect-locs r) =
301 |                 (collect-locs r1) join (collect-locs r2));
302 |       C1 := (!chain->
303 |             [(SOME r')
304 |              = (range i i + n)           [A3]
305 |              = (SOME r1)                 [B2-w1]
306 |              ==> (r' = r1)               [DAO]])}
307 |   ICL := (!prove *in-relation)
308 |   (!cases A4
309 |     (!chain
310 |       [(k *in r')
311 |        <==> (k *in r1)   [C1]
312 |        ==> (deref k in (collect-locs r1)) [ICL]
313 |        ==> (deref k in (collect-locs r1) |
314 |            deref k in (collect-locs r2)) [alternate]
315 |        ==> (deref k in ((collect-locs r1) join
316 |                        (collect-locs r2))) [List.in.of-join]
317 |        <==> (deref k in (collect-locs r)) [B2-w3]
318 |        <==> (k *in r) [ICL]])}
319 |   assume (k = i + n)
320 |   let {AI := (!prove all-*in)
321 |       (!chain->
322 |         [(A1 & A2) ==> (i + n *in r) [AI]
323 |          ==> (k *in r) [k = i + n])]}
324 | (val-of *in-whole-range-2) =>
325 | pick-any n i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S) k:(It 'X 'S)
326 |   r:(Range 'X 'S) r':(Range 'X 'S)
327 |   let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
328 |       A2 := (n <= length r);
329 |       A3 := ((range i + n j) = SOME r');
330 |       A4 := (k *in r' | k = j)}
331 |   assume (A1 & A2 & A3 & A4)
332 |   let {SR := (!prove split-range);
333 |       B2 := (!chain->
334 |             [(A1 & A2)
335 |              ==> (exists r' r'' .
336 |                 (range i i + n) = SOME r' &
337 |                 (range i + n j) = SOME r'' &
338 |                 (collect-locs r) =
339 |                 (collect-locs r') join (collect-locs r''))
340 |              [SR]])}
341 |   pick-witnesses r1 r2 for B2 B2-w
342 |   let {B2-w1 := ((range i i + n) = SOME r1);
343 |       B2-w2 := ((range i + n j) = SOME r2);
344 |       B2-w3 := ((collect-locs r) =
345 |                 (collect-locs r1) join (collect-locs r2));
346 |       C1 := (!chain->
347 |             [(SOME r')

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348         = (range i + n j)           [A3]
349         = (SOME r2)                 [B2-w2]
350         ==> (r' = r2)               [DAO]]);
351     ICL := (!prove *in-relation)
352 (!cases A4
353  (!chain
354   [(k *in r')
355    <==> (k *in r2)      [C1]
356    <==> (deref k in (collect-locs r2)) [ICL]
357    ==> (deref k in (collect-locs r1) |
358         deref k in (collect-locs r2)) [alternate]
359    ==> (deref k in ((collect-locs r1) join
360                    (collect-locs r2))) [List.in.of-join]
361    <==> (deref k in (collect-locs r)) [B2-w3]
362    <==> (k *in r)       [ICL]
363    ==> (k *in r | k = j) [alternate]])
364  (!chain
365   [(k = j) ==> (k *in r | k = j) [alternate]])
366  )
367
368  (add-theorems theory |{[split-range *in-relation all-*in *in-whole-range
369                          *in-whole-range-2] := proofs}|)
370
371 } # collect-locs
372 } # Random-Access-Iterator

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