

lib/memory-range/binary-search-range.ath

```

1 load "ordered-range"
2 load "strong-induction"
3 load "nat-half"
4 load "collect-locs"
5
6 extend-module Ordered-Range {
7
8   declare lower-bound: (S, X) [(It X S) (It X S) S] -> (It X S)
9
10  module lower-bound {
11
12    define half := N.half
13
14    define axioms :=
15      (fun
16        [(M \\< (lower-bound i j x)) =
17          let {mid := (i + half (j - i))}
18            [i
19              when (i = j)
20                (M \\< (lower-bound (successor mid) j x))
21                  when (i != j & M at deref mid < x)
22                (M \\< (lower-bound i mid x))
23                  when (i != j & ~ M at deref mid < x)])])
24    define [empty go-right go-left] := axioms
25
26    (add-axioms theory axioms)
27
28    define (position-found-prop r) :=
29      (forall M i j x k .
30        (range i j) = SOME r &
31        (ordered M r) &
32        k = M \\< (lower-bound i j x)
33        ==> (k *in r | k = j) &
34          (k != i ==> M at deref predecessor k < x) &
35          (k != j ==> x <E M at deref k))
36
37    define position-found := (forall r . position-found-prop r)
38
39    define <' := N.<
40    overload * N.*
41    define [r1 r2 r3] := [?r1 ?r2 ?r3]
42
43    define proof :=
44      method (theorem adapt)
45        let {[get prove chain chain-> chain<-] := (proof-tools adapt theory);
46          parity := N.parity;
47          [< <E ordered deref *in successor predecessor I+N I-N I-I] :=
48            (adapt [< <E ordered deref *in successor predecessor I+N I-N I-I])}
49        match theorem {
50          (val-of position-found) =>
51          (!strong-induction.measure-induction (adapt theorem) length
52            pick-any r:(Range 'X 'S)
53            assume IND-HYP :=
54              (forall r' .
55                length r' <' length r ==> position-found-prop r')
56            pick-any M:(Memory 'S) i:(It 'X 'S) j:(It 'X 'S)
57              x:'S k:(It 'X 'S)
58            let {A1 := ((range i j) = SOME r);
59              A2 := (ordered M r);
60              A3 := (k = M \\< (lower-bound i j x))}
61            assume (A1 & A2 & A3)
62            let {goal :=
63              lambda (r)
64                ((k *in r | k = j) &
65                 (k != i ==> M at deref predecessor k < x) &
66                 (k != j ==> x <E M at deref k))}
67            datatype-cases (goal r) on r {
68              (stop i0:(It 'X 'S)) =>

```

```

68     conclude (goal (stop i0))
69     let
70       {EL := (!prove empty-range1);
71       _ := (!chain->
72         [(range i j)
73          = (SOME r) [A1]
74          = (SOME stop i0) [(r = stop i0)]
75          ==> (i = j) [EL]]);
76       C0 := (!chain
77         [k = (M \\< (lower-bound i j x)) [A3]
78          = i [empty
79             (i = j)]]);
80       C1 := (!chain [k = i [C0]
81                    = j [(i = j)]]);
82       C2 := (!chain->
83         [C1 ==> (k *in (stop i0) | k = j)
84              [alternate]]);
85       C3 := assume (k /= i)
86         (!from-complements
87          (M at deref predecessor k < x)
88          (k = i)
89          (k /= i));
90       C4 := assume (k /= j)
91         (!from-complements
92          (x <E M at deref k)
93          (k = j)
94          (k /= j));
95       (!chain-> [(C2 & C3 & C4) ==> (goal (stop i0))
96                [prop-taut]]
97 | (back r0:(Range 'X 'S)) =>
98   conclude (goal (back r0))
99   let {NB := (!prove nonempty-back1);
100      E1 := (!chain->
101        [(range i j)
102         = (SOME r) [A1]
103         = (SOME back r0) [(r = back r0)]
104         ==> (i /= j) [NB]]);
105      (and E2 E3) :=
106        (!chain->
107         [A1 ==> ((range i j) =
108                 (range start r finish r))
109                [range.collapse]
110                ==> (i = start r & j = finish r)
111                    [range.injective]]);
112      RL2 := (!prove length2);
113      n := (length r);
114      E4 := (!chain
115        [n = ((finish r) - (start r)) [RL2]
116         = (j - i) [E2 E3]]);
117      E4' := (!by-contradiction (n /= zero)
118             assume (n = zero)
119             (!absurd
120              (!chain
121               [(S (length r0))
122                = (length (back r0)) [length.of-back]
123                = n [(r = back r0)]
124                = zero [(n = zero)]]
125              (!chain->
126               [true ==> (S (length r0) /= zero)
127                        [N.S-not-zero]])));
128      E5 := (!chain->
129        [(n /= zero)
130         ==> (half length r <' n) [N.half.less]
131         ==> (half (j - i) <' n) [E4]]);
132      E6 := (!chain-> [E5 ==> (half (j - i) <= n)
133                       [N.Less=.Implied-by-<]]);
134      mid := (i + half (j - i));
135      OS := (!prove ordered-subranges);
136      E7 := (!chain->
137        [(A1 & A2 & E6)

```

```

138         ==> (exists r1 r2 .
139             (range i mid) = SOME r1 &
140             (range mid j) = SOME r2 &
141             (ordered M r1) &
142             (ordered M r2))    [OS]])}
143
144 pick-witnesses r1 r2 for E7 E7-w
145 let {E7-w1 := ((range i mid) = SOME r1);
146     E7-w2 := ((range mid j) = SOME r2);
147     E7-w3 := (ordered M r1);
148     E7-w4 := (ordered M r2);
149     IIC := (!prove I-I-cancellation);
150     RL3 := (!prove length3);
151     X1 := (!chain
152           [E7-w1 ==> (length r1 = mid - i) [RL3]]);
153     X2 := (!chain
154           [E7-w2 ==> (length r2 = j - mid) [RL3]]);
155     Q1 := (!chain [(length r1)
156                   = (mid - i)                [X1]
157                   = (half (j - i))          [IIC]
158                   = (half n)                [E4]]);
159     RL4 := (!prove length4);
160     Q2 := (!chain->
161           [(A1 & E7-w1 & E7-w2)
162            ==> (n = (length r1) + (length r2))
163               [RL4]]);
164     Q3 := (!chain
165           [n = (N.two * (half n) + (parity n))
166             [N.parity.half-case]
167             = (((half n) + (half n)) + (parity n))
168               [N.Times.two-times]
169             = (((half n) + (parity n)) + (half n))
170               [N.Plus.associative
171                N.Plus.commutative]]);
172     Q4 := (!chain->
173           [((length r2) + (half n))
174            = ((half n) + (length r2))
175              [N.Plus.commutative]
176            = ((length r1) + (length r2))    [Q1]
177            = n                               [Q2]
178            = (((half n) + (parity n)) + (half n))
179              [Q3]
180            ==> (length r2 = (half n) + (parity n))
181                [N.Plus.-=cancellation]]);
182     NZL := (!prove nonzero-length);
183     F2 := (!chain->
184           [(n /= zero)
185            ==> ((half n) + (parity n) /= zero)
186                [N.parity.plus-half]
187            ==> (length r2 /= zero)          [Q4]
188            ==> (exists r3 . r2 = back r3)   [NZL]]);
189 pick-witness r3 for F2 F2-w
190 (!two-cases
191 assume G1 := (M at deref mid < x)
192 let
193   {H1 := (!chain
194         [k = (M \\ (lower-bound i j x))    [A3]
195           = (M \\ (lower-bound (successor mid)
196                               j x))
197             [(i /= j) G1 go-right]]);
198   LB := (!prove range-back);
199   E7-w2' := (!chain->
200             [E7-w2
201              ==> ((range mid j) = SOME back r3)
202                  [F2-w]
203              ==> ((range (successor mid) j) =
204                  SOME r3)                [LB]]);
205   H2 := (!chain
206         [(length r2)
207          = (length back r3)                [F2-w]
208          = (S length r3)                  [length.of-back]]);

```

```

208     H3 := (!chain->
209         [Q2 ==> (n = (length r2) + (length r1))
210             [N.Plus.commutative]
211             ==> (length r2 <= n)
212                 [N.Less=.k-Less=]]);
213
214     _ := (!chain->
215         [true ==> (length r3 <= length r3)
216             [N.Less=.reflexive]
217             ==> (length r3 <' S length r3)
218                 [N.Less=.S1]
219             ==> (length r3 <' length r2)
220                 [H2]
221             ==> (length r3 <' length r2 & H3)
222                 [augment]
223             ==> (length r3 <' n)
224                 [N.Less=.transitive1]]);
225
226     ORR := (!prove ordered-rest-range);
227     E7-w4' := (!chain->
228         [E7-w4 ==> (ordered M back r3)
229             [F2-w]
230             ==> (ordered M r3)
231                 [ORR]]);
232
233     (and H5 (and H6 H7)) :=
234     (!chain->
235         [(E7-w2' & E7-w4' & H1)
236         ==> ((k *in r3 | k = j) &
237             (k /= successor mid ==>
238             M at deref predecessor k < x) &
239             (k /= j ==> x <E M at deref k))
240             [IND-HYP]]);
241
242     IWR2 := (!prove
243     Random-Access-Iterator.collect-locs.*in-whole-range-2);
244     H8 := (!chain->
245         [(n /= zero)
246         ==> (S half n <= n)
247             [N.half.less-equal-1]]);
248
249     SI := (!prove successor-in);
250     H9 := (!sym
251         (!chain
252             [(SOME r3)
253             = (range (successor mid) j) [E7-w2']
254             = (range (successor i) + half
255                 (j - i) j) [SI]
256             = (range i + S half (j - i) j) [I+pos]
257             = (range i + (S half n) j) [E4]]));
258
259     H10 := (!chain->
260         [(A1 & H8 & H9 & H5)
261         ==> (k *in r | k = j) [IWR2]
262         ==> (k *in (back r0) | k = j)
263             [(r = back r0)]]);
264
265     subgoal := (M at deref predecessor k < x);
266     H11 := assume (k /= i)
267         (!two-cases
268             assume J1 := (k = successor mid)
269             let {K1 := (!chain
270                 [(predecessor k)
271                 = (predecessor
272                     successor mid) [J1]
273                 = mid
274                 [predecessor.of-successor]]))
275                 (!chain->
276                     [G1 ==> subgoal [K1]]
277                     assume J2 := (k /= successor mid)
278                     (!chain-> [J2 ==> subgoal [H6]]))
279                 (!chain-> [(H10 & H11 & H7) ==> (goal (back r0))
280                     [prop-taut]]))
281             )
282
283     assume G2 := (~ M at deref mid < x)
284     let {
285         J1 := (!chain
286             [k = (M \ (lower-bound i j x)) [A3]

```

```

278         = (M \\ (lower-bound i mid x))
279           [(i /= j) G2 go-left]);
280
281   _ := (!chain->
282     [(n /= zero)
283      ==> ((half n) <' n)           [N.half.less]
284      ==> (length r1 <' n)         [Q1]]);
285   (and J2 (and J3 J4)) :=
286     (!chain->
287       [(E7-w1 & E7-w3 & J1)
288        ==> ((k *in r1 | k = mid) &
289          (k /= i ==>
290            M at deref predecessor k < x) &
291            (k /= mid ==> x <E M at deref k))
292          [IND-HYP]]);
293   IWR := (!prove
294     Random-Access-Iterator.collect-locs.*in-whole-range);
295   J5 := (!chain->
296     [(A1 & E5 & E7-w1 & J2)
297      ==> (k *in r)           [IWR]
298      ==> (k *in r | k = j) [alternate]
299      ==> (k *in (back r0) | k = j)
300          [(r = back r0)]]);
301   FNI := (!prove finish-not-*in);
302   J6 := assume (k /= j)
303     (!cases J2
304       assume (k *in r1)
305         (!chain->
306           [(E7-w1 & k *in r1)
307            ==> (k /= mid)           [FNI]
308            ==> (x <E M at deref k) [J4]])
309         assume (k = mid)
310           (!chain->
311             [G2
312              ==> (~ M at deref k < x) [(k = mid)]
313              ==> (x <E M at deref k)
314                  [<E-definition]])
315             (!chain-> [(J5 & J3 & J6) ==> (goal (back r0))
316                       [prop-taut]]))
317     ) # datatype-cases
318   ) # strong-induction.measure-induction
319 } # match theorem
320
321 (add-theorems theory |{[position-found] := proof}|)
322 } # lower-bound
323 } # Ordered-Range

```